Bica Chen Ryan Zi





Copy of marking plate:

Summary of testing: Due to the physical properties of the Lamp, this product does not contain any radiation above 800nm. Therefore the measured spectral range has been limited from 200nm up to and including 800nm. The tests were conducted under 400 mA. Tests performed (name of test and test clause): Testing location: These tests fulfil the requirements of standard SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. ISO/IEC 17025. GuangZhou Branch Testing Center No.198, Kezhu Road, Scientech Park, Guangzhou When determining the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered. Economic & Technology Development District, Guangzhou, Guangdong, CHINA **Summary of compliance with National Differences:**



Test item particulars	
Tested lamp	□ continuous wave lamps □ pulsed lamps
Tested lamp system	
Lamp classification group:	⊠ exempt ☐ risk 1 ☐ risk 2 ☐ risk 3
Lamp cap:	-
Bulb:	-
Rated of the lamp	-
Furthermore marking on the lamp	
Seasoning of lamps according IEC standard	
Used measurement instrument:	Ref. to List of test equipment used
Temperature by measurement	25 ± 5 °C
Information for safety use:	-
Possible test case verdicts:	
– test case does not apply to the test object:	N (N/A)
– test object does meet the requirement:	P (Pass)
– test object does not meet the requirement:	F (Fail)
Testing:	
Date of receipt of test item:	2010-12-08
Date (s) of performance of tests:	2010-12-09 – 2010-12-16
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information as "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal List of test equipment must be kept on file and available.	out the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. opended to the report. he report. hal separator.
This document is issued by the Company subject to it or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions	
time of its intervention only and within the limits of Clisibility is to its Client and this document does not exorights and obligations under the transaction documen without prior written approval of the Company. Any ur	entained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the ent's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responnerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their ts. This document cannot be produced except in full,
General product information:	
The product can emit white light when powered.	



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Clause	Requirement + Test		Result – Remark	Verdict

Clause	Requirement + rest	Result – Remark	verdict
4	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
4.1	General		Р
	The exposure limits in this standard is not less than 0,01 ms and not more than any 8-hour period and should be used as guides in the control of exposure		Р
	Detailed spectral data of a light source are generally required only if the luminance of the source exceeds 10 ⁴ cd·m ⁻²	see clause 4.3	Р
4.3	Hazard exposure limits		Р
4.3.1	Actinic UV hazard exposure limit for the skin and eye		Р
	The exposure limit for effective radiant exposure is 30 J m ⁻² within any 8-hour period		Р
	To protect against injury of the eye or skin from ultraviolet radiation exposure produced by a broadband source, the effective integrated spectral irradiance , $E_{\rm S}$, of the light source shall not exceed the levels defined by:		P
	$E_{\rm s} \cdot t = \sum_{200}^{400} \sum_t E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot S_{\rm UV}(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 30 \qquad \qquad \text{J·m}^{-2}$		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet ra- diation incident upon the unprotected eye or skin shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} = \frac{30}{E_{\text{s}}}$ s		Р
4.3.2	Near-UV hazard exposure limit for eye	,	Р
	For the spectral region 315 nm to 400 nm (UV-A) the total radiant exposure to the eye shall not exceed 10000 J·m ⁻² for exposure times less than 1000 s. For exposure times greater than 1000 s (approximately 16 minutes) the UV-A irradiance for the unprotected eye, E _{UVA} , shall not exceed 10 W·m ⁻² .		Р
	The permissible time for exposure to ultraviolet radiation incident upon the unprotected eye for time less than 1000 s, shall be computed by:		Р
	$t_{\text{max}} \le \frac{10\ 000}{E_{\text{UVA}}} \qquad \text{s}$		Р
4.3.3	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit	1	Р
	To protect against retinal photochemical injury from chronic blue-light exposure, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source weighted against the blue-light hazard function, B(), i.e., the blue-light weighted radiance , $L_{\rm B}$, shall not exceed the levels defined by:	see table 4.2	Р



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	$L_{\rm B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} L_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 10^{6} \qquad \text{J} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$ $L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad \text{W} \cdot \text{m}^{-2} \cdot \text{sr}^{-1}$	for t 10^4 s $t_{\text{max}} = \frac{10^6}{L_{\text{B}}}$	P
	$L_{\rm B} = \sum_{300}^{700} L_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad \qquad W \cdot m^{-2} \cdot sr^{-1}$		N
4.3.4	Retinal blue light hazard exposure limit - small source		N
	Thus the spectral irradiance at the eye E, weighted against the blue-light hazard function B() shall not exceed the levels defined by:		N
	$E_{B} \cdot t = \sum_{300}^{700} \sum_{t} E_{\lambda}(\lambda, t) \cdot B(\lambda) \cdot \Delta t \cdot \Delta \lambda \le 100 \qquad J \cdot m^{-2}$		N
	$E_{B} = \sum_{\lambda}^{700} E_{\lambda} \cdot B(\lambda)$		N
4.3.5	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit	I	Р
	To protect against retinal thermal injury, the integrated spectral radiance of the light source, L , weighted by the burn hazard weighting function R() (from Figure 4.2 and Table 4.2), i.e., the burn hazard weighted radiance, shall not exceed the levels defined by:		Р
	$L_{\rm R} = \sum_{380}^{1400} L_{\lambda} \cdot R(\lambda) \cdot \Delta \lambda \le \frac{50000}{\alpha \cdot t^{0,25}}$ W · m ⁻² · sr ⁻¹	(10 µs t 10 s)	Р
4.3.6	Retinal thermal hazard exposure limit – weak visual s	stimulus	N
	For an infrared heat lamp or any near-infrared source where a weak visual stimulus is inadequate to activate the aversion response, the near infrared (780 nm to 1400 nm) radiance, L _{IR} , as viewed by the eye for exposure times greater than 10 s shall be limited to:		N



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	7.00		N
	$E_{\rm IR} = \sum_{\lambda} E_{\lambda}$		

4.3.8 Thermal hazard exposure limit for the skin

Ν



IEC 62471 Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict Р The measurement shall be made in that position of the beam giving the maximum reading. Р The measurement instrument is adequate calibrated. 5.2.2 Р Radiance measurements 5.2.2.1 Standard method N The measurements made with an optical system. Ν The instrument shall be calibrated to read in absolute N radiant power per unit receiving area and per unit solid angle to acceptance averaged over the field of view of the instrument. 5.2.2.2 Alternative method Р Р Alternatively to an imaging radiance set-up, an irradiance measurement set-up with a circular field stop placed at the source can be used to perform radiance measurements. 5.2.3 Measurement of source size Р The determination of , the angle subtended by a Ρ source, requires the determination of the 50% emission points of the source. 5.2.4 Pulse width measurement for pulsed sources Ν The determination of t, the nominal pulse duration Ν of a source, requires the determination of the time during which the emission is > 50% of its peak value. 5.3 Analysis methods Ρ 5.3.1 Р Weighting curve interpolations To standardize interpolated values, use linear in-Р see table 4.1 terpolation on the log of given values to obtain intermediate points at the wavelength intervals desired. 5.3.2 Calculations Ρ Р The calculation of source hazard values shall be performed by weighting the spectral scan by the appropriate function and calculating the total weighted energy. 5.3.3 Measurement uncertainty Ρ Р The quality of all measurement results must be see Annex C in the norm quantified by an analysis of the uncertainty. LAMP CLASSIFICATION For the purposes of this standard it was decided that see table 6.1 Р the values shall be reported as follows:





IEC 62471 Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict N for lamps intended for general lighting service, the hazard values shall be reported as either irradiance or radiance values at a distance which produces an illuminance of 500 lux, but not at a distance less than 200 mm Р for all other light sources, including pulsed lamp r = 200 mmsources, the hazard values shall be reported at a distance of 200 mm 6.1 Continuous wave lamps Ρ 6.1.1 Р **Exempt Group**



IEC 62471 Clause Requirement + Test Result - Remark Verdict N a retinal thermal hazard (LR) within 0,25 s (aversion response), nor an infrared radiation hazard for the eye (E_{IR}) Ν within 10 s Lamps that emit infrared radiation without a strong Ν visual stimulus and do not pose a near-infrared retinal hazard (L_{IR}), within 10 s are in Risk Group 2. 6.1.4 Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) Ν Lamps which exceed the limits for Risk Group 2 are Ν in Group 3. 6.2 Pulsed lamps Ν Pulse lamp criteria shall apply to a single pulse and Ν to any group of pulses within 0,25 s. A pulsed lamp shall be evaluated at the highest Ν nominal energy loading as specified by the manufacturer. The risk group determination of the lamp being Ν tested shall be made as follows: a lamp that exceeds the exposure limit shall be Ν classified as belonging to Risk Group 3 (High-Risk) for single pulsed lamps, a lamp whose weighted Ν radiant exposure or weighted radiance does is below the EL shall be classified as belonging to the Exempt Group for repetitively pulsed lamps, a lamp whose Ν weighted radiant exposure or weighted radiance dose is below the EL, shall be evaluated using the continuous wave risk criteria discussed in clause 6.1, using time averaged values of the pulsed emission



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Table 4.1	Spectral we	ighting function for assessing ι	ultraviolet hazards for sk	kin and eye	Р
_	elength¹ , nm	UV hazard function S _{υν} (λ)	Wavelength λ, nm	UV hazard fu S _ω (λ)	inction
2	200	0,030	313*	0,006	
2	205	0,051	315	0,003	
2	210	0,075	316	0,0024	
2	215	0,095	317	0,0020)
2	220	0,120	318	0,0016	;
2	225	0,150	319	0,0012	





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Wavelength nm	Blue-light hazard function B (λ)	Burn hazard function R (λ)
300	0,01	
305	0,01	
310	0,01	
315	0,01	
320	0,01	
325	0,01	
330	0,01	
335	0,01	
340	0,01	
345	0,01	
350	0,01	
355	0,01	
360	0,01	
365	0,01	
370	0,01	
375	0,01	
380	0,01	0,1
385	0,013	0,13
390	0,025	0,25
395	0,05	0,5
400	0,10	1,0
405	0,20	2,0
410	0,40	4,0
415	0,80	8,0
420	0,90	9,0
425	0,95	9,5
430	0,98	9,8
435	1,00	10,0
440 445	1,00	10,0
450	0,97 0,94	9,7 9,4
455 455	0,90	9,4
460	0,80	8,0
465	0,70	7,0
470	0,62	6,2
475	0,55	5,5
480	0,45	4,5
485	0,40	4,0
490	0,22	2,2
495	0,16	1,6
500-600	10 ^[(450-)/50]	1,0
600-700	0,001	1.0
700-1050		10 ^[(700-)/500]
1050-1150		0,2 0,2·10 ^{0,02(1150-)}



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	Clause	Requirement + Test	Result – Remark	Verdict

Table 5.4	Summary of the ELs for the	e surface of the s	kin or cornea (irradiance bas	sed values) P
Hazard Name	Relevant equation	Wavelength range nm	Exposure duration sec	Limiting aperture rad (deg)	EL in terms of con- stant irradiance W•m ⁻²
Actinic UV skin & eye	$E_S = E \cdot S() \cdot$	200 – 400	< 30000	1,4 (80)	30/t
Eye UV-A	E _{UVA} = E •	315 – 400	1000 >1000	1,4 (80)	10000/t 10
Blue-light small source	$E_B = E \cdot B(\;) \cdot$	300 – 700	100 >100	< 0,011	100/t 1,0

Eye IR $E_{IR} = E \cdot$



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Table 6.1	Emission limits	for risk group	s of continuo	us wave lam	ps				Р
				Emission Measurement					
Risk	Action spectrum	Symbol	Units	Exe	mpt	Low	risk	Mod	risk
	opcourd			Limit	Result	Limit	Result	Limit	Result
Actinic UV	S _{UV} ()	Es	W•m ⁻²	0,001	0	0,003		0,03	
Near UV		E _{UVA}	W•m ⁻²	10	0	33		100	
Blue light	B()	L _B	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	100	70,3	10000		4000000	
Blue light, small source	В()	E _B	W•m ⁻²	1,0*		1,0		400	
Retinal thermal	R()	L _R	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	28000/	3905,4	28000/		71000/	
Retinal thermal, weak visual stimulus**	R()	L _{IR}	W•m ⁻² •sr ⁻¹	6000/		6000/		6000/	
IR radiation, eye		E _{IR}	W•m ⁻²	100		570		3200	

Small source defined as one with < 0,011 radian. Averaging field of view at 10000 s is 0,1 radian. Involves evaluation of non-GLS source





List of test equipment used:

Clause	Measurement / testing	Testing / measuring equipment / material used	Range used	Calibration date
5	Irradiance and Radiance measure-	Spectroradiometer	200 – 800 nm	Last cal. date: 2010-04-08
	ments			Next cal. date: 2011-04-08
5	Irradiance and Radiance measure-	HP 34401A multimeter		Last cal. date: 2010-09-09
	ments			Next cal. date: 2011-09-09

Photo documentation

Details of:	

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